

LOCAL NEWS.

MORE NEW YORK REGIMENTS ARRIVE.

ARRIVAL OF THE NEW YORK REGIMENT. About five o'clock yesterday afternoon, the eighth regiment New York volunteers, better known as the first German Rifles, arrived, and marched to the various quarters prepared for them, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Sixth and Seventh streets. They number about 800 men, who are divided into ten companies; 230 recruits will also follow them in a few days. An engineer corps of twenty men, well equipped with spades, axes, hatchets, etc., commanded by Capt. Shumaker, are with them. They bring with them a fine band of thirteen pieces, under the leadership of Professor Witzand.

The regimental officers are Colonel Blenker, Lieut. Col. Stahl, Major Lutz, Adjutant Tazack, Surgeon Weicker, Assistant Surgeons Stehley and Frailey, and Quartermaster Schlette.

The companies are commanded by Captains Hammett, Pokorney, Stumpf, Bass, Forster, Gellman, Thumkron, Heitrich, and Weitschell. They are uniformed in gray, and are now armed mostly with the Minie musket, but expect to receive their rifles in a few days. They are well supplied with horses, wagons, and provisions, and when they receive their rifles, will be ready to take the field. The men are anxious to be started at once to the scene of hostilities. Quite an interesting feature of this regiment is a full corps of buglers, who take the place of the usual drum corps.

Taken altogether, this is one of the finest and most complete regiments which has yet arrived here.

A member of this regiment, named Gustavus A. Paule, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Charlotte Mayer, by Mayor Wood, just previous to the departure of the regiment.

ARRIVAL OF THE NEW YORK REGIMENT.

This magnificent regiment, over eight hundred strong, reached this city about half past six o'clock yesterday afternoon, having left New York about nine o'clock the previous evening. They were the first regiment to come through the city of Baltimore without arms, and were cordially received in that city. They expect to receive their arms in this city. The regiment numbers over one thousand men, about eight hundred of whom reached here last evening. The remainder are on the way, and will probably reach here to-day. The men are all neatly uniformed in suits of black cloth, trimmed with red, and attracted much attention as they marched up Pennsylvania avenue to the quarters assigned for them, near Tenth street, preceded by their full drum corps.

The following is a complete list of their officers: **Field and Staff Officers.**—Colonel, J. W. Stiles; lieutenant colonel, W. H. Hallick; major, E. L. Stone; adjutant, J. B. Coppinger; surgeon, F. W. Fisher, M. D.; engineer, L. Curtis; quartermaster, A. Henriques; chaplain, B. L. Phillips; commissary, H. L. Stevens; assistant surgeon, H. Pinckney; assistant quartermaster, A. L. Squires.

Company A.—Captain, J. J. Morrison; first lieutenant, H. L. Vredenburg; second lieutenant, John Dalrymple; third lieutenant, E. H. Andrews.

Company B.—Captain, John Deppeler; first lieutenant, Louis Dillons; second lieutenant, T. Landry; third lieutenant, F. Guyer.

Company C.—Lieutenant, C. E. Prescott Stone, commanding; second lieutenant, E. B. Miller; third lieutenant, William H. Draper.

Company D.—Captain, J. W. Davis; first lieutenant, E. B. Green; second lieutenant, J. B. Van Buren.

Company E.—Captain, H. C. Smith; first lieutenant, J. B. Coppinger; second lieutenant, H. S. Brooks; third lieutenant, W. P. Galbraith.

Company F.—Captain, Allan Rutherford; first lieutenant, C. R. Braine; second lieutenant, vacant.

Company G.—Captain, William Atterbury; first lieutenant, John Hendrickson; second lieutenant, J. D. Wickham; third lieutenant, E. W. Anderson.

Company H.—Captain, George Tuthill; first lieutenant, J. T. Lochman; second lieutenant, Charles E. Tuthill.

The various companies are all well versed in the manual of arms.

The artillery corps, ninth regiment, organized under the patronage of the board of officers, will join their regiment in Washington on Monday next. Their battery will be furnished by the Common Council of New York city. The officers in charge are: first lieutenant, H. V. Cranston; second lieutenant, Eugene Darius; third lieutenant, John Dolan.

OVER THE RIVER.—The New York seventy-first regiment left their quarters at the Navy Yard at two o'clock yesterday morning, upon steamers, for Alexandria. They are now stationed at the northern end of that city.

The Michigan regiment have not yet taken up their position outside the city limits, as contemplated.

There are now about 17,500 tons of coal in Alexandria in the possession of the United States forces.

The U. S. pickets were again fired upon on Monday night, which has caused a close watch to be kept upon all suspected parties in that neighborhood.

The work on the various entrenchments is progressing rapidly, the men all working with a hearty good will.

The New Jersey regiment, under Brigadier General R. B. Fox, have all taken the position near the canal bridge, as indicated by us yesterday. The position of the other regiments continues pretty much the same.

The people in the vicinity of the various camps are becoming very friendly to the troops, and furnish them with a great many comforts and conveniences.

REVIEW.—The New Hampshire regiment, before going into camp, were yesterday reviewed in front of the Executive Mansion by the President, who was accompanied by Secretaries Seward and Smith, Hon. John Cochrane, and others. The Baldwin band headed the regiment, and the march was brought up by the baggage wagons, containing 10 camp equipages. Their fine-looking horses attracted much attention on all sides. After the review, they proceeded to Kalorama, where they went into camp.

The sick of the twelfth regiment at the camp in Franklin Square express themselves as under many obligations to the ladies of the neighborhood, for their kindness in sending them various delicacies so palatable to the sick.

The guard of the Pennsylvania regiment, which remained over the baggage at the City Hall for some days after the regiment went into camp, were well provided for by Mr. G. A. Clark, who furnished them their meals until the baggage was removed.

Two dozen cash towels were sent to the fourth Pennsylvania regiment a few days since, by Miss Collins, on Seventh street. They were procured with the money realized by her from the sale of rascals last week.

EXCHANGING ARMS.—The first and second Ohio regiments yesterday afternoon marched down to the arsenal, to exchange their old regulation muskets for the new pattern musket. This fact gave rise to the report, which

occasioned considerable stir through the city, that they were on their way to the steamboat landing, to depart for Fortress Monroe.

THE LEVEE.—The levee at the President's mansion last night was very largely attended. Nearly all the members of the Cabinet, a number of foreign ministers, and a fair sprinkling of the army and navy officers, were present. The officers and members of the various regiments now located in the vicinity of this city were largely represented, as was also the beauty and fashion of the Federal metropolis.

The President seemed in very good spirits, and stood the two hours hand-shaking with the greatest fortitude. Marshal Lamson, who stood at the left of the President, performed the ceremonies of introduction with his accustomed grace and suavity, while to the right of the President stood his private secretaries, Messrs. Nicolay and Hay. Near the center of the room stood Mr. Lincoln, looking remarkably well, on the left of whom was the affable Dr. Blake, Commissioner of Public Buildings, who made the presentations.

The marine band was in attendance, as usual, and furnished most excellent music.

The following "items" were telegraphed from this city on Monday evening:

"This morning, a capture was made four miles beyond Alexandria, on the line of the railroad; a car loaded with provisions, and 18 secession soldiers, in citizens' dress, were brought to Alexandria."

"A man who was seized three miles from the city with a secession flag, was made by his captors, several Zouaves, carry it on a pole to the Marshall House, and there trample upon it. The man was then placed in custody."

"Two Zouaves also seized a secessionist with about \$250 in his person, together with pistols and papers. He was deprived of these effects and released on his parole. Other seizures continue to be made."

THIRD WARD MEETING.—A meeting of the citizens of the third ward was held at Temperance Hall last evening, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Board of Aldermen, and three members of the City Council.

Mr. Thomas Rich occupied the chair, and Mr. G. W. Larnier acted as Secretary.

The meeting being called to order, the Chair stated that, according to his understanding, this was an adjourned meeting of the citizens of the third ward, for the purpose of considering the report of the committee appointed at a previous meeting to report on nominations for a candidate for the Board of Aldermen, and three members of the City Council. If he was correct in this understanding, he would request the Secretary to read the report.

Mr. David R. Bigley then arose and asked by what authority this committee was appointed. He had seen no published notice calling a meeting of the citizens of the third ward for that purpose, and thought there had been none. As far as he could ascertain, this committee, which also assumed to themselves the authority to act in the city convention, was a self-constituted affair, and he therefore moved to receive the report, and lay the same on the table; which motion, without further explanation or debate, was agreed to.

The Chair then stated that, after the action just had, he supposed nominations were next in order.

Dr. Keasly then nominated Mr. Alexander R. Shepherd as a candidate for the Board of Aldermen.

Mr. H. B. Curtis nominated Mr. A. C. Richards.

The vote being taken by ballot, Mr. Richards received 41, Mr. Shepherd 26, and Mr. Joseph Wollard 7. Seventy-four votes being cast, and 38 being necessary to a choice, Mr. Richards, having received over that number, was declared duly elected the nominee.

Mr. Bigley then moved to make the nominations unanimous; which was agreed to.

The following nominations were then made for members of the City Council:

Alexander R. Shepherd, Thomas Lewis, Joseph Wollard, William G. Moore, and George Mitchell.

The vote was taken, and Mr. Shepherd received 51, Mr. Wollard 48, Mr. Lewis 48, Mr. Mitchell 10, Mr. Moore 10, Mr. Towles 6, Mr. Brown 7, and Messrs. Edmonston and Downing 2. Messrs. Shepherd, Wollard, and Lewis, were declared the duly-elected nominees.

After several addresses had been delivered, the meeting adjourned.

THE MILITARY ARRESTS.—Yesterday morning, Mr. Francis Markoe, lately a fourth-class clerk, was arrested by a squad of Company A, Union regiment. Officer J. F. King discovered the evidence which led to his arrest, and reported him to the guard. He was taken before Justice Donn, where it was adjudged by a Mr. Wright, stated that he was in correspondence with commissioners now in Europe, and he knew that the Southern Confederacy would be recognized by England. It was thought that he referred to the Southern commission.

Mr. Markoe explained that he was a friend of A. Dudley Mann, one of the commissioners from the South, and he had a letter from him, in which it was stated emphatically that France and England would recognize the Confederacy. In the conversation with Mr. Wright, Mr. Markoe expressed the opinion that the independence of the South would be recognized, and referred to the letter to substantiate the opinion. He declared that he was a good Union man, and would show the letter to the President at any time. Mr. Markoe was released, to appear when other witnesses, who are at present absent from the city, may be had.

M. A. Febrey was arrested by some soldiers, on the charge of being a secessionist, and taken before Justice Donn. It was proved in the examination that he was a good Union man, and was kept away from voting at the election on the secession ordinance in Virginia. The justice expressed the opinion that his arrest was upon information sent from Virginia in order to injure him with the local citizens of the District, and dismissed the case; whereupon, Mr. Febrey voluntarily took the oath of allegiance to the Government.

Mr. Franklin Minor, who was arrested on Monday evening by a squad of Company A, Union regiment, on the charge of uttering treasonable sentiments, had a final examination of his case yesterday morning, before Justice Johnson, who dismissed him, the evidence not being sufficient to justify holding him in custody.

James Fletcher was arrested, a day or two since, on a similar charge, by a corporal's guard, and committed to jail. He will probably be examined to-day.

Thomas Brown, clerk of the Northern Market, had a further examination before Justice Johnson, at the jail, yesterday afternoon, and quite a number of witnesses were examined. Before concluding, however, the examination was adjourned to eleven o'clock to-day.

Francis Hanna, who was arrested some days since in the camp of the New Jersey troops, was released yesterday afternoon, by order of General Mansfield.

James Cochran and Solomon Lazarus were arrested last night by two different squads of soldiers, on the charge of being secessionists, and taken before Justice Donn. The evidence

against them being inconclusive, the Justice dismissed the cases. While the trial was going on, Cochran became very abusive, and used profane language in the office, for which he was fined one dollar and ninety-four cents.

After the case of Cochran had been dismissed, J. R. Neal, of company B, twelfth regiment, and others, found a great deal of fault with the decision of the justice, and threatened not to leave the office until he was delivered to them, so that he could carry him to his colonel. The justice immediately sent word to the provost marshal of the affair, but before the patrol arrived, Neal left the office. He will, however, be reported to Colonel Butterfield.

Policemen King and Coombs arrested Wm. Gerecke on Monday night, at the instance of Edward Haver, of the New York twelfth regiment, and J. C. Wright, of the second Ohio regiment, and took him before Justice Donn. The evidence against him was, that he had in his store a figure of cotton, with the motto, "Cotton is King." On the soldiers inquiring, and not getting a satisfactory explanation, they caused his arrest. The excitement was very great around the office, and was not allayed until Mr. Gerecke proved himself to be a loyal citizen. It however leaked out on the trial that he retained liquor in small quantities on his premises, without a license, for which he was fined twenty dollars and costs.

Edward Oleto, who was arrested on Monday, was captured by the Carrington Home Guard, and was alone at the time.

The ladies of the Fourth Presbyterian church only assisted in making up the haversacks for the Michigan regiment, but contributed twenty-nine dollars towards the cost of the material.

NO MUSIC THIS AFTERNOON.—We are authorized to state that there will be no music at the President's grounds this afternoon. The marine band, however, will perform at the usual hour on the afternoon of Saturday.

ERECTION OF TELEGRAPH LINES.—An immense quantity of telegraphic wire has just been brought to this city for the use of the Government. It is said to be for the purpose of the authorities here to establish telegraphic communication between all the camps in Virginia and the War Department.

POTOMAC PRESBYTERY.—This Presbytery met agreeably to adjournment in the Bridge street Church, Georgetown, on the 27th inst. The Rev. Dr. Tustin was chosen moderator, and F. A. Tacheeffly clerk. The principal object of the meeting was to consider the resignation of Rev. Dr. Boeck, of the pastoral charge of the Bridge street congregation. After a careful consideration of the case, it was resolved *nem. con.* that the resignation be accepted, and the church declared vacant on the first day of August, in accordance with the request of Dr. Boeck, as indicated in his letter of resignation.

FUNERAL.—The Slemmer Guards, Captain H. M. Knight, yesterday afternoon attended the funeral of their deceased member, William Cross. The remains were interred at Oak Hill cemetery.

COMMENDABLE.—The Washington Zouaves, who were stationed over the river on Monday night, were the recipients, on the following morning, of a fine breakfast, which was sent over by Messrs. Moore and Cissel.

OFFICIAL.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, April 29, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Department, until 12 o'clock noon of Thursday, the 30th day of May next, unless the whole amount offered be sooner taken at par, for thirteen millions nine hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars of Stock of the United States, under the act of Congress approved 23d June, 1860, authorizing a loan, and providing for the redemption of Treasury notes. This stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and will be reimbursable in ten years from the first day of January last.

No offer, by the terms of the act, can be accepted at less than par, or for any fraction of one thousand dollars; nor can any offer be considered unless one per cent. of the amount thereof be first deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, or either of the Assistant Treasurers, at Boston, New York, or Philadelphia, subject to the order of the Secretary of the Treasury. The certificate showing such deposit must accompany the offer.

Offers, under the above conditions, for the amount above stated, or any portions thereof, will be accepted, and the sums so accepted must be deposited either with the Treasurer of the United States, or some one of the Assistant Treasurers above named, before the fifth day of June next; or, if preferred, one-fifth on or before the fifth day of June, two-fifths on or before the fifteenth of June, and the remaining two-fifths on or before the thirtieth day of June.

On the receipt here of the certificates of the proper officers, showing such deposits, certificates of inscribed stock will be issued to successful bidders, or their assigns, in sums of one thousand or five hundred dollars each, as may be required. Inscribed stock so issued will carry interest from the date of such deposit, and will be transferable on the books of the Treasury, agreeably to the regulations of the Department.

Should any accepted bidder desire certificates of stock with coupons of semi-annual interest attached to each certificate, they will be issued accordingly in sums of one thousand dollars each, with coupons attached for interest from the first day of July next. Such coupon stock, instead of being transferable on the books of the Treasury, may be assigned and transferred by the delivery of the certificates. The interest on such coupon stock from the date of the deposit thereof, until the first day of July next, will be paid on that day to the accepted bidder, or his attorney, by the depositary with whom the principal was deposited.

The proposals under this notice must be endorsed on the envelopes, "Proposals for Loan of 23d June, 1860," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C., or such proposals so addressed may be put under cover to the Assistant Treasurer, New York, who will forward them to this Department, to be opened and decided. It is desired that each sealed proposal may be accompanied with a note addressed to the Department, stating the name of the bidder, and the sum bid for, in order that the bids may be opened whenever the whole sum offered is subscribed for. The preliminary deposit of one per centum required from all bidders will be included in the final deposit of the principal.

S. P. CHASE,
may 1—31wif Secretary of the Treasury.

Proposals for Stationery.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
June 1, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS for furnishing such stationery as may be required by this Department during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1862, will be received until 12 o'clock M., on Monday, the 1st day of July next. Those unaccompanied by satisfactory testimonials of ability to fulfill the contract will not be considered, and contracts will only be awarded to established manufacturers of, or dealers in, the articles.

All articles required must be of the best quality of their kind, and not inferior to the samples which will be exhibited at the Department.

Each proposal must be signed by the individual or firm making it, and must specify both the price for each and every article of the schedule or of the class bid for.

The articles, when furnished, must correspond with the samples, or any of them, if desired, and in no case be inferior in quality to the sample; and they must be delivered without delay when ordered, and must be satisfactory to the Secretary; and a failure to comply with this stipulation will be deemed cause for the abrogation of the contract.

Articles not named in the schedule are to be furnished at the option of the Department, at the lowest market prices, and the right is reserved of ordering a greater or less quantity of each article contracted for, as the public service may require.

Bonds, with approved security, must be given by the person or firm obtaining the contract; and, in the event of the refusal or neglect of the contractor to furnish any article or articles named in the contract on the order of the superintendent clerk, the same may be purchased in open market, and the difference in price paid therefor, and the contractor's price shall be charged to the contractor, and deducted in the settlement of his account for the quarter during which such refusal or neglect may occur.

The subjoined schedule specifies, as nearly as can now be done, the amount, quality, and description, of each of the articles likely to be required.

The bids will be canvassed for each of the three classes separately, and contracts for one or more of the classes awarded, as may be deemed most advantageous to the Department.

Proposals to be addressed to the Superintendent Clerk, Department of the Interior, and endorsed, "Proposals for Stationery."

CLASS No. 1.—Paper.

1. 5 reams blue dmy, cut to size, and ruled to Gardeau pattern, red and faint, per ream.
2. 5 reams white laid cap, heavy, ruled to stop pattern, per ream.
3. 5 reams blue laid cap, ruled to stop pattern, per ream.
4. 5 reams English blue laid cap, ruled to stop pattern, per ream.
5. 30 reams folio-post, heavy, satin or plain-finished, ruled and trimmed, per ream.
6. 10 reams folio-post, light, plain, unruled, for official seal, per ream.
7. 397 reams cap, white or blue, ruled wide, medium, or close, and trimmed, per ream.
8. 50 reams cap, white or blue, ruled, extra superfine, per ream.
9. 40 reams consular cap, white or blue, trimmed and ruled, per ream.
10. 10 reams consular cap, white, double thick, superfine, per ream.
11. 10 reams legal cap, white or blue, trimmed and ruled, per ream.
12. 600 reams quarto-post, white or blue, ruled various widths, per ream.
13. 80 reams quarto-post, extra superfine, thick, cream laid, ruled, per ream.
14. 25 reams white vellum note paper, highly glazed, hard calendered, lined and gilt, per ream.
15. 15 reams commercial note paper, lined, per ream.
16. 10 reams buff note paper, lined, per ream.
17. 15 reams flat cap, white or blue, unruled, per ream.
18. 75 reams envelope, yellow or buff, royal, per ream.
19. 170 reams large brown envelope, per ream.
20. 35 reams pink blotting, per ream.
21. 40 dozen sheets patent blotting, per dozen sheets.
22. 12 sheets drawing paper, antiquarian, per sheet.
23. 12 sheets drawing paper, double elephant, per sheet.
24. 25 sheets drawing paper, elephant, per sheet.
25. 75 sheets drawing paper, royal, per sheet.
26. 200 sheets tracing paper, French, large size, per sheet.
27. 3 1/2 yards tracing cambric, per yard.
28. 5 1/2 yards "unders" cambric, of 10 1/2 inches, per yard.
29. 25 reams cloth-lined paper, royal, per ream.
30. 12 dozen press copy books, not exceeding 500 pages, per dozen.
31. 4 dozen press copy books, over 500 and not exceeding 750 pages, per dozen.

CLASS No. 2.—Continued.—Envelopes.

1. 5,000 muslin-lined, printed to order, 6 by 3 1/2 inches, per M.
2. 1,000 muslin-lined, printed to order, 8 1/2 by 3 1/2 by 4 inches, per M.
3. 500 muslin-lined, printed to order, 9 1/2 by 5 1/2 by 6 inches, per M.
4. 490,000 adhesion envelopes, white, yellow, or buff, heavy, 8 1/2 by 5 1/2 by 3 1/2 inches, per M.
5. 6,000 adhesive envelopes, white, heavy, 9 1/2 by 5 1/2 by 6 inches, printed to order, per M.
6. 30,000 adhesive envelopes, white or yellow, heavy, letter, 6 by 3 1/2 inches, printed to order, per M.
7. 5,000 adhesive envelopes, card, per M.
8. 8,000 adhesive envelopes, note, per M.
- Intermediate sizes ordered not to be charged higher than bid for size next larger.

CLASS No. 2.—Pens.

1. 100 dozen cards Perry's pens, and of other make, assorted, per dozen cards.
- 1,000 gross Perry's, Gilt's, or other good metallic pens, per gross.
- 8,000 quills, No. 40, per gross.
- 12 dozen gold pens, silver cases, and pencils, best quality, per dozen.
- 10 dozen gold pens, barrel or other, without cases, best quality, per dozen.
- 100 gross Pratt's or Arnold's anti-corrosive pens, per dozen.

CLASS No. 2.—Continued.—Pencils.

1. 14 dozen ivory or gutta percha ever-pointed pencils, large or small, with leads, per dozen.
- 425 dozen Faber's, or other good, No. 1 to 4, or graduated, per dozen.
- 25 cases Faber's, &c., polygraphes, graduated, per case.
- 62 dozen Faber's, &c., red and blue pencils, per dozen.
- 44 gross leads, best quality, assorted, per gross.

CLASS No. 2.—Continued.—Ink, Inkstands, Wafers, and Wax.

1. 4 dozen Draper's, or any other patent, large or small, inkstands, per dozen.
- 5 dozen oval glass inkstands, with glass stopper, per dozen.
- 8 dozen cast-iron double or single inkstands, per dozen.
- 6 dozen French pump inkstands, per dozen.
- 150 dozen Maynard & Noyes's ink, or Bryan & Wilcox's ink, quarts, per dozen.
- 80 dozen Maynard & Noyes's ink, or Bryan & Wilcox's ink, pints, per dozen.
- 25 dozen Bryan & Wilcox's writing fluid, quarts, per dozen.
- 25 dozen copying ink, quarts, Arnold's, or any other manufacture, per dozen.
- 25 dozen Walden's extra English ink, quarts, per dozen.
- 5 dozen best blue ink, quarts, per dozen.

1. 30 dozen best French carmine ink, ounce, per dozen.
- 12 dozen Davies's carmine ink, ounce, No. 1, per dozen.
- 105 M seal wafers, best quality, red, No. 3, for office seal, per M.
- 10 pounds best red wafers, common also, per pound.
- 200 pounds best extra super scarlet sealing wax, per pound.
- 25 dozen Rogers's or other knives, four blades, buck or pearl handles, per dozen.
- 15 dozen Rogers's ivory-handle erasers, per dozen.
- 10 dozen Rogers's spring erasers, ivory or ebony handles, per dozen.
- 1 dozen ivory wafers stamps, per dozen.
- 4 dozen office shears, extra, per dozen.
- 4 dozen office scissors, per dozen.
- 100 dozen silk taste, in banks, per dozen.
- 800 dozen red tape, assorted, per dozen.
- 5 dozen paper weights, assorted, per dozen.
- 10 pounds unprepared India rubber, per pound.
- 10 dozen Green's ink eraser and paper cleaner, per dozen.
- 15 pounds prepared India rubber, per pound.
- 100 quarts best black sand, per quart.
- 20 pounds pounce, per pound.
- 1 dozen best Chinese India ink, per dozen.
- 2 dozen camel's hair pencils, assorted, per dozen.
- 2 dozen sable pencils, per dozen.
- 4 dozen Wind-or & Newton's best English water colors, per dozen.
- 300 pounds linen twine, per pound.
- 100 pounds best cotton twine, per pound.
- 12 dozen mahogany rulers, round or flat, 30 inches long, per dozen.
- 2 dozen India rubber ruler, round or flat, 30 inches long, per dozen.
- 6 dozen lignum vitae rulers, round or flat, 30 inches long, per dozen.
- 20 pounds best quality sponge, per pound.
- 40 pounds gum arabic, per pound.
- 10 dozen mullage, large-size glass jars, with brush and metallic tops, per dozen.
- 10 dozen mullage, in earthen or glass jars, pints, without brush or tops, per dozen.
- 120 dozen penholders, assorted, per dozen.
- 6 dozen wafers stands or boxes, cups, per dozen.
- 6 dozen sand boxes, per dozen.
- 12 dozen strong 3-inch ivory folders, per dozen.
- 6 dozen earthen or glass sponge cups, per dozen.

CLASS No. 3.—Parchment.

- 1,000 sheets of parchment, best quality, 15 by 20 inches, per sheet.
- 3,000 sheets of parchment, best quality, 15 by 22 inches, per sheet.
- 100 sheets of parchment, best quality, 28 by 32 inches, per sheet.
- 20,000 sheets parchment paper, best quality, 10 by 16 inches, per sheet.
- 10,000 sheets parchment, paper, best quality, 15 by 20 inches, per sheet.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

I hereby certify that _____ has proper facilities, and is able to fulfill a contract for furnishing stationery for the Department of the Interior during the year ending June 30, 1862, should _____ be accepted.

may 29—w4 [Intelligencer and Star]

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—The members of the National Republican Association are requested to meet at Temperance Hall, this (Wednesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of making arrangements for approaching municipal election.

There will be a meeting of the Republicans and supporters of the present Administration, at Temperance Hall, corner of Virginia avenue and Sixth street, on Thursday evening, May 30.

An adjourned meeting of the unconditional Union voters of the fifth ward was held on Monday evening last, when the following gentlemen were nominated to represent the ward in the City Council:

Albion Long-term, William M. Ellis, short term, Nathan Sargent. County names—John S. Sargent, George F. Quirk, and Charles J. Canfield.

SECOND PRECINCT, SIXTH WARD.—The undersigned, having been appointed Commissioners to hold an election in the second precinct, sixth ward, of Washington, for the purpose of electing a member of the Board of Aldermen, between the members of the Board of Common Council, and one Assessor for said ward, hereby give notice that such election will be held, in conformity with the provisions of the City Charter, on the 3d day of June, 1861, from the hour of 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., at the Anderson House.

WILLIAM T. VENABLE,
V. COMMISSIONER.

CITY COLLECTOR.—Mr. R. W. FENWICK is prepared to act as a Union and Republican candidate for City Collector, and he will be supported by _____

MANY VOICES.
TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON.—As our municipal election is near at hand, we would respectfully present the name of Mr. P. M. Pearson, as a suitable candidate for the office of Collector. He is a native of the city, is favorably known for his honest adherence to the Constitution and laws of the land, and the endorsement of the Union, his capacity, integrity, and energy are well known, and give a guarantee for the faithful and prompt discharge of the duties of the office.

ELECTION NOTICE.
FIFTH WARD, FIRST PREC